

Sent to Washington 12/16/94

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Strawn, Jeremiah, House
other names/site number _____

2. Location

street & number 532 Congress Street not for publication
city or town Ottawa vicinity
state Illinois code IL county LaSalle code 099 zip code 61350-3016

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant nationally statewide locally. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)
William L. Wheeler, SHPO 12-16-94
Signature of certifying official/Title Date
Illinois Historic Preservation Agency
State of Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of certifying official/Title Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that the property is:

	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
<input type="checkbox"/> entered in the National Register. <input type="checkbox"/> See continuation sheet.	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> determined eligible for the National Register <input type="checkbox"/> See continuation sheet.	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> determined not eligible for the National Register.	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> removed from the National Register.	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> other, (explain): _____	_____	_____

Strawn, Jeremiah, House
Name of Property

LaSalle, Illinois
County and State

5. Classification

Ownership of Property
(Check as many boxes as apply)

- private
- public-local
- public-State
- public-Federal

Category of Property
(Check only one box)

- building(s)
- district
- site
- structure
- object

Number of Resources within Property
(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	buildings
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	sites
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	structures
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	objects
<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	Total

Name of related multiple property listing
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

N/A

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register

N/A

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions
(Enter categories from instructions)

Domestic/Single Dwelling

Current Functions
(Enter categories from instructions)

Domestic/Single Dwelling

7. Description

Architectural Classification
(Enter categories from instructions)

Mid-19th Century
Italianate

Materials
(Enter categories from instructions)

foundation Limestone
walls Brick
Wood
roof Asphalt
other _____

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Strawn, Jeremiah, House
Name of Property

LaSalle, Illinois
County and State

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A** Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C** Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- A** owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B** removed from its original location.
- C** a birthplace or grave.
- D** a cemetery.
- E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- F** a commemorative property.
- G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # _____
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # _____

Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions)

Architecture

Period of Significance

c. 1855- c. 1870s

Significant Dates

1857

Significant Person

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

N/A

Cultural Affiliation

N/A

Architect/Builder

Unknown

Primary location of additional data:

- State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other

Name of repository:

Reddick's Library, Ottawa, Illinois

Strawn, Jeremiah, House

LaSalle, Illinois

Name of Property

County and State

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property Less than one acre

UTM References

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

UTM grid for Zone 16, Easting 346610, Northing 4578680

UTM grid for Zone, Easting, Northing

See continuation sheet

Verbal Boundary Description

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Christine A. Jowers

organization date November 30, 1994

street & number 532 Congress telephone (815)433-6227

city or town Ottawa state IL zip code 61350-3016

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name Gary & Christine Jowers

street & number 532 Congress telephone (815)433-6227

city or town Ottawa state IL zip code 61350-3016

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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Strawn, Jeremiah, House

DESCRIPTION

The Jeremiah Strawn House is a brick two-and-a-half story front gabled Mid-Nineteenth Century house form with some Italianate details. With a southern exposure, it is five blocks east of the downtown of Ottawa, Illinois. The home is in excellent condition and retains most of its original features.

The Strawn House was built circa 1855-circa early 1870s. Jeremiah Strawn purchased the property in 1857 from William Osman for the amount of \$4,000. (1) The house is constructed of brick with a limestone foundation.

The house consists of three distinct sections. The main front section was built first and is two-and-a-half stories. The middle two story section seems to have been added very close in time to the main front section, possibly the early 1860's. The rear one-story section was added sometime during the span on the early 1860's to the early 1870's. According to the 1891 Sanborn Fire Insurance Map, all three sections were already built showing a tin-roofed porch on the east side of the rear two sections. The porch roof was later removed in the early 1900's. The area where the roof joined the brick shows discoloration, suggesting that there was a roof for a period of time. The only other exterior change is the altering of the front porch. Again, it is not known when the changes occurred. But by careful observation, one can tell that there have been alterations. One of these is the addition of the Italianate brackets, and the other is the addition of classical columns.

The roof of the main elevation is gabled. There were originally four chimneys on this part of the house, however, the two chimneys in the southeast end and west sides have long ago been sealed and removed. The date of removal is not known. There is one non-functional chimney that has been sealed in the northwest section of the roof, but the chimney itself is still exposed. The chimney in the northeast area of the roof has been replaced by a newer brick chimney and relined in stainless steel to accommodate the wood stove that is presently being used in the living room.

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Strawn, Jeremiah, House

The southern front facade is three bays wide. The brick pattern is a running bond. The limestone foundation is faced with concrete. The house has six-over-six double-hung windows throughout with stone lintels and sills. There are simple arched brackets located in the home's eaves in the front and middle sections of the house. There is a basement under the front and middle sections of the house. The front facade has an entry door with a small entry porch on the southwest corner and two long windows to the east. The entry porch has round fluted columns with square bases and square capitals. Decorative brackets similar to the cornice brackets line the cornice of the porch roof. The entry way has sidelights on either of the front door. On the second floor are three windows. Above is a small arched window in the attic. The front facade is divided by three recessed arched panels with pilasters with Doric inspired capitals.

The east elevation of the front section has four windows on the first floor and four windows on the second floor. The middle section has a door and two windows on the first floor and three windows on the second floor. The rear section which is only one story tall has a door with a window located on each side.

The rear north elevation has no openings on the first level. On the second story level of the middle section is a centrally located window. On the second story level of the front section is a small one-over-one window in the northwest corner.

The west elevation has two windows in the rear section. In the middle sections is a fake window opening with permanently closed shutters and two windows to the right of this. Above on the second story are two windows. In the front section west elevation are two windows, one on each level towards the rear of the section.

The main section of the house consists of the large living room, a foyer, staircase, and a small room at the end of the foyer off the living room which is used as a sitting room. A small half bathroom was added under the main staircase with an access through the sitting room. This area of the house has 12' 8" ceilings. The living room has two fireplaces. The one in the east wall is original and is marble with an arched opening. The

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Strawn, Jeremiah, House

one along the north wall is an ornamental wood mantel with a wood burning stove. The chimney of this fireplace was relined in 1991 by the present owners to accommodate the stove. The door to the foyer is newer and has eighteen glass panes. Woodwork in the living room is Italianate in style. There is a crown molding at the ceiling and wall junction.

The foyer has a hand-painted checkerboard designed wood floor painted in black and white by a former owner in 1990. At this time these owners also added a decorative doorway in the northern end of the foyer that consists of glass and is accented with spindlework. Woodwork in the foyer is Italianate in style. There is a crown molding at the ceiling and wall junction. The staircase has a walnut newel post and banister. The newel post is Italianate in design. The turned balusters look like thin spindles. The sitting room off of the foyer and living room has four doors, one being the door just described. Another door lead to the small half bath under the stairs. The third door consists of eighteen panes of glass and leads into the dining room. The fourth door is a folding solid wood door with panels that separates the sitting room from the living room. Woodwork in the sitting room is classically styled.

To the rear of the sitting room and living room is the dining room which is located in the middle section of the house. On the east wall there is an exit door and a window. The west wall has two windows. At the north end of the room is an entrance to the pantry with a pair of swinging wood doors. Also along this wall is a small closet with double glass and wood doors. Woodwork in the dining room is classical in style. The ceiling in the dining room has been altered, possibly in the early 1900s to include crown moldings and inset panels.

To the north of the dining room is the pantry with rear servants' staircase. The one story section at the rear of the house was added for a kitchen. From the south kitchen wall is the inside entrance to the basement. The kitchen was remodeled in 1991, leaving the original walls and windows intact. There are two windows on the east wall with a door in between leading to the outside. Two windows are on the west wall. The one on the northern end is slightly smaller. Woodwork in this area is plain boards.

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Strawn, Jeremiah, House

On the second floor of the front main section of the house is two bedrooms and a bathroom. The bedroom in the southeast corner is used as the master bedroom. The bath is located over the entryway and the second bedroom is located north of the master bedroom. A hall leads along the stairway along the west side of the second story. Woodwork in this section is wide and Italianate in style.

To the rear of the second bedroom in the central section of the house is the former servants' quarters. This area currently has a bedroom and a full bath. This area has been remodeled over the years including the modern bath. At the north end of the hall is a steep stairway leading down to the pantry.

Ascending a steep staircase near the master bedroom in the front section of the house, one enters the attic. The attic has been converted into a semifinished family room.

In summary, it is believed that the house was built in three distinct sections and at different times. Not knowing when each section was exactly added, it is apparent that the house as it appears now was complete by 1891 per the Sanborn Maps.

There is a modern one story brick one-car garage with a flat roof located in the northeast corner of the property. It is a noncontributing building to the nomination.

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Strawn, Jeremiah, House

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Jeremiah Strawn House meets Criterion C for architecture for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. The house is a good example of a Mid-19th Century Front Gabled form with some Italianate details. In the front gabled subtype of Mid-19th Century design, the gable end of houses is turned ninety degrees to make it the principle front facade. The Jeremiah Strawn House is a good example of Mid-19th Century design with its front gabled form, six-over-six windows with simple stone sills and lintels, entry door with sidelights, recessed panels with decorative arches and classically detailed pilasters. The house also has Italianate detailing including the small arched window in the attic of the front gable and its decorative brackets in the cornice. The house was built in three phases with the front two-and-a-half story section completed c. 1855; the middle two story section completed c. early 1860s; and the rear one story section completed c. 1860s through the early 1870s. Its period of significance is c. 1855 - c. 1870s.

Architecture

The Jeremiah Strawn House is the only home in Ottawa with a combination of Mid-19th Century design with Italianate detailing that maintains integrity. Other homes in Ottawa from the same time period are either Greek Revival or Italianate in style.

Mid-19th Century residential design in America was loosely based on Roman and Greek models. This design movement arose from the Revolution when there was a need for new buildings to house the newly formed American government. Government leaders and builders began to turn to Roman architecture as a model with its Republican ideas and monumental architecture. Soon statehouses and banks based on Roman designs sprang up throughout the country. A national sympathy for the Greek War of Independence and archaeological investigations of Greece aroused interest in Greek architecture. Designs loosely based on Greek models began appearing in carpenter's guides and pattern books. Among them were Asher Benjamin's The Practical House Carpenter and The Builder's Guide and Minard Lafever's The Modern Builder's Guide and The Beauties of Modern Architecture which spread the movement throughout the country. (2)

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These housing forms included classical inspired columns, porticos, symmetrical arrangements, low-pitched roofs, classical cornices with entablature and frieze, and horizontal sills and lintels. By the 1820s and 1830s, with American design turning to Greek models, a new style became known as the Greek Revival. The Jeremiah Strawn House built c. 1855 was constructed when Greek Revival architecture was the dominant style. But the house contains elements of earlier Classical Revival design including its blind arched recessed panels.

It also contains features associated with Mid-19th Century design including its low-pitched gabled roof, its front gabled form, six-over-six windows with simple horizontal stone sills and lintels, pilasters, and entry door with sidelights.

Several homes in Ottawa are Greek Revival in design. They include the John Nash House at 1333 Ottawa Avenue. The elaborately detailed house built c. 1850s with additions has a roofline balustrade, a full-facade porch with classical inspired columns and an elaborate entry with transoms and sidelights.

The John Hossack House at 210 West Prospect is an elaborate two-story wood frame Greek Revival house with a full-facade two story front porch. It also has a rear two story full-facade porch with arches. The house, built 1855-1856 has six-over-six windows and an elaborate central entry with sidelights and transom.

At 716 East Main is a two story Greek Revival house with a gabled front and an east wing. The wood framed house has a small classical inspired entry porch, an elaborate entry with transoms and sidelights and six-over-six windows. The gable front facade has recessed panels with engaged pilasters.

At 118 East LaFayette is a two story Greek Revival house. It has a gabled front with a full facade porch and large fluted columns. This house also has an elaborate entryway with a transom and sidelights.

The Strawn House also has some Italianate details including its brackets and small arched window in the gable front attic. The Italianate style dominated American houses constructed

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between 1850-1880. It was particularly common in expanding towns and cities of the Midwest such as Ottawa, Illinois. All Italianate buildings have one paramount feature, decorative curving brackets (braces) supporting the cornice or roof. Other details associated with the style include arched windows either singly or in pairs, window hood moldings, low-pitched roofs, and many examples have a square tower or belvedere.(3)

Examples of some of the Italianate houses in the area include 824 Ottawa Avenue and 526 East Congress. These two homes are both two story Italianate styled wood-framed houses with simple hipped roofs and one story front porches. Homes at 1434 Ottawa Avenue and 744 East Main are two story wood framed Italianate houses with simple hipped roofs and two story front porches. At 714 East Chapel is a two story simple hipped roof House with a one story porch and an east wing. There is also an asymmetrical Italianate house at 640 Chapel.

The Jeremiah Strawn House is the only house in Ottawa that is a combination of these two styles, a Mid-19th Century form with some Italianate detailing.

History

The Jeremiah Strawn House was said to have been one of the first homes built on the east side of Ottawa. (4) Ottawa, Illinois is at the confluence of the Fox and Illinois rivers. The Strawn House is located almost equally distant from the two rivers and is only a few blocks from the downtown area which was the original town in the 1820's.

Jeremiah Strawn was born August 7, 1795 in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania and died November 29, 1883 in Ottawa, Illinois. He fathered ten children, five of whom lived to adulthood. He was married to Hannah Baucher on May 23, 1815. He moved to Illinois and became a farmer in Putnam County. In 1857-1858 after retiring from farming, he moved to Ottawa and purchased the residence at 532 Congress. It is believed that Strawn added on the middle and rear sections of the house during the early 1860s through the early 1870s. Strawn remained in the house after his wife's death in 1874. (5) On December 3, 1883 a record of deed

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was filed which granted Zilpha (Strawn) Osman, daughter of Jeremiah and Hannah Strawn, ownership of the house. A clause in the deed reserved for Mr. Strawn use and occupancy of the home during his natural life. Upon Jeremiah Strawn's death, Zilpha and Moses Osman continued living in the house. When Moses Osman died in 1902, his widow remained in the house until 1921. (6)

The Ottawa City Directories list others who occupied the house. From 1921 when Zilpha Osman died, the house was vacant until 1924. The following people and their families occupied the house: Charles Woodward, 1924 to 1928; Frank Cornwall (who was a loan officer at the Maloney Building in Ottawa), 1928 to 1930; Roy E. Gedney, 1930 to 1937; Harold Richardson (who was an attorney), 1939 to 1949; John Paleologos (a restaurant owner), 1951 to 1961; Malcolm Taylor (a salesman at Meckum Engineering) 1968 to 1974; George Thorton, 1974 to the late 1980s when the house was auctioned off. During George Thorton's tenure, several tenants occupied the home. In 1990, Ron Hendricson purchased the home, but due to a job transfer he moved out after only living in the house six months. In July 1991, the current owners, Gary and Christine Jowers purchased the home and live there with their two daughters. (7)

The Jeremiah Strawn House remains beautifully preserved having no major changes over the years. It is a good candidate for the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C for architecture as a good example of a Mid-19th Century front gabled house with Italianate details.

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ENDNOTES

1. Recorder of Deeds, LaSalle County Book 54, page 434.
2. Virginia and Lee McAlester, A Field Guide to American Houses.
New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1991, p. 170-172, 180.
3. Ibid. p. 211-214.
4. Ottawa Sesquicentennial Official Commemorative Book, 1837-1987. P. 52.
5. Philip Vierling, Hiking the Illinois Michigan Canal. p. 345.
6. Recorder of Deeds, LaSalle County Book 54, p. 434.
7. Ottawa City Directories, 1921 through 1990.

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Bibliography

Baldwin, Elmer. History of LaSalle County. Rand McNally and Co.,
Chicago, Illinois, page 246-247, 1877

Gerding, Earl. Historical Architectural Tour of Ottawa. 1961

LaSalle County Recorder of Deeds, Book 54, page 434

Map, 1891 Ottawa, Illinois page 20, Sanborn-Perris Map Company,
New York, 1891

McAlester, Virginia and Lee. A Field Guide to American Houses.
New York: Alfred Knopf, 1991

National Park Service Inventory of Historic Structures within
the Illinois and Michigan Canal National Heritage Corridor,
1987 Volume III:Ottawa HABS/HAER Division, National Park
Service

Ottawa General City Directory for 1858. Compiled and Published
by Watson Bowron. Printed at the office of the Free Trader,
Ottawa, Illinois, 1858

Ottawa: Old and New A Complete History of Ottawa, Illinois
1823-1914., The Republican Times, Ottawa, Illinois, 1914

Ottawa Sesquicentennial Official Commerative Book 1837-1987

Vierling, Philip. Hiking the Illinois Michigan Canal and
Exploring Its Environs. Volume I LaSalle to the Fox River.
page 345, Part D

Williams, Lionel and Ottalie. A Guide to Old American Houses
1700-1900., 1984

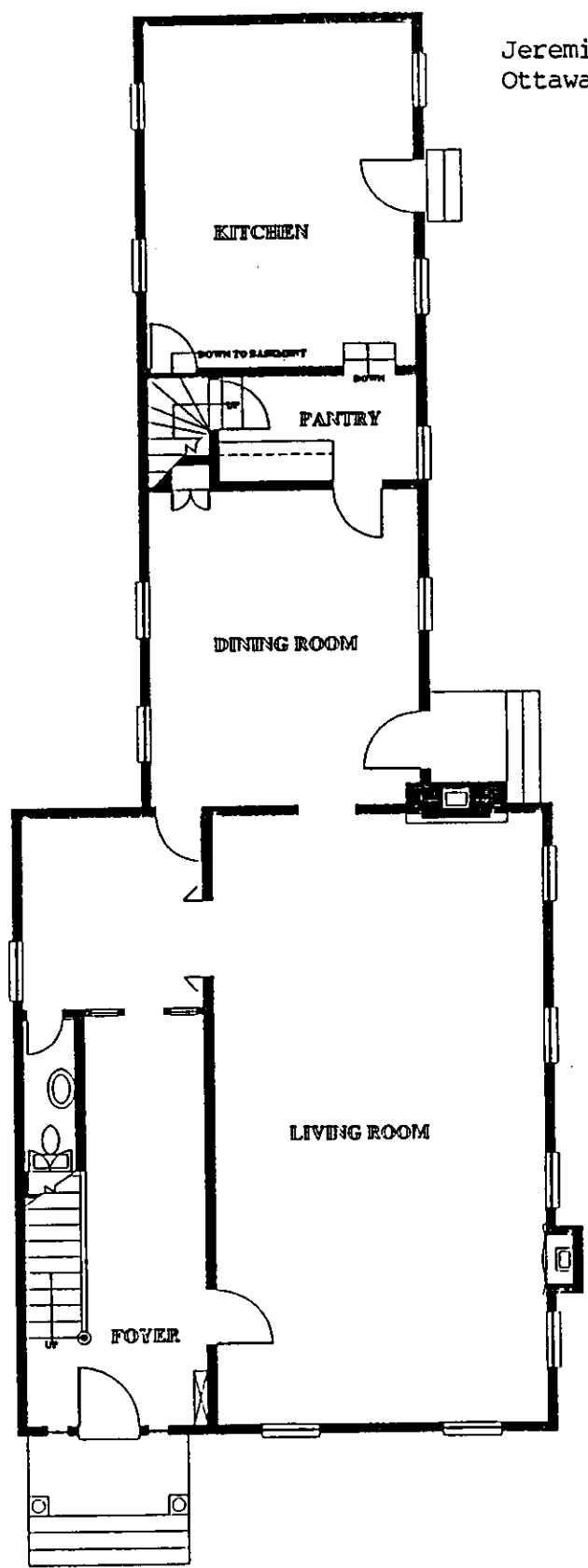
Verbal Boundary Description

Lot 14 and the West Half of Lot 15 in Block 13 in Green's
Addition to the Town, now the City of Ottawa, situated in LaSalle
County, Illinois

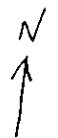
Boundary Justification

These are the lots historically connected with the property

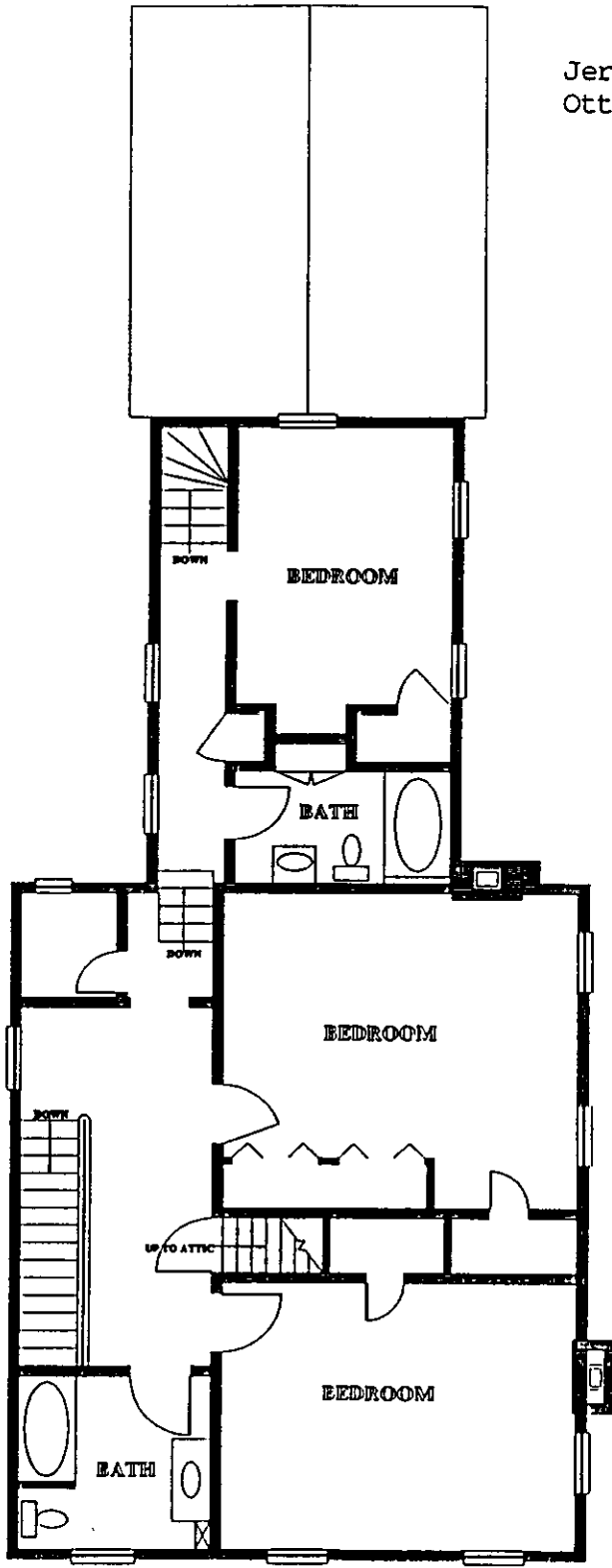
Jeremiah Strawn House
Ottawa, Illinois



FIRST FLOOR PLAN



Jeremiah Strawn House
Ottawa, Illinois



SECOND FLOOR PLAN



FEB 14 1995



United States Department of the Interior

Preservation Services



NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

P.O. Box 37127

Washington, D.C. 20013-7127

IN REPLY REFER TO:

The Director of the National Park Service is pleased to inform you that the following properties have been entered in the National Register of Historic Places. For further information call 202/343-9542.

FEB 3 1995

WEEKLY LIST OF ACTIONS TAKEN ON PROPERTIES: 1/23/95 THROUGH 1/27/95

KEY: State, County, Property Name, Address/Boundary, City, Vicinity, Reference Number NHL Status, Action, Date, Multiple Name

- ALABAMA, MARION COUNTY, Fite, Ernest Baxter House, Jct. of Jackson Military Rd. and Thomas St., Hamilton, 94001545, OWNER OBJECTION, 1/17/95
- GEORGIA, COBB COUNTY, Riverview Carousel at Six Flags Over Georgia, 7561 Six Flags Pkwy., Austell, 94001639, NOMINATION, 1/27/95
- ILLINOIS, BUREAU COUNTY, Wood--Tellkamp House, 82 Main St., LaMoille, 94001599, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, Dorhnann--Buckman House, 8455 W. Grand Ave., River Grove, 94001598, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- ILLINOIS, HAMILTON COUNTY, St. James Episcopal Church, 111 N. Pearl St., McLeansboro, 94001602, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- ILLINOIS, JOHNSON COUNTY, Vienna Public Library, 401 Poplar St., Vienna, 94001603, NOMINATION, 1/24/95 (Illinois Carnegie Libraries)
- ILLINOIS, KENDALL COUNTY, Yorkville School, 201 W. Center St., Yorkville, 94001600, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- ILLINOIS, LA SALLE COUNTY, Strawn, Jeremiah, House, 532 Congress St., Ottawa, 94001601, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- IOWA, DELAWARE COUNTY, Saints Peter and Paul Church, Jct. of C64 and X47, Petersburg, 94001589, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- IOWA, MARION COUNTY, St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church and Cemetery Historic District, 1 mile E of jct. of Co. Rd. G76 and SE. 97th St., Lacona vicinity, 94001580, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- LOUISIANA, CALDWELL PARISH, Blanks House, 333 Wall St., Columbia, 94001567, NOMINATION, 1/17/95
- LOUISIANA, CONCORDIA PARISH, Ferriday Commercial Historic District, Roughly bounded by First St., Louisiana Ave., Third St. and Mississippi Ave., Ferriday, 94001584, NOMINATION, 1/27/95
- LOUISIANA, EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, Nicholson School, 1143 North St., Baton Rouge, 94001585, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- LOUISIANA, OUACHITA PARISH, Slagle House, 1400 S. Grand, Monroe, 94001590, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- LOUISIANA, WEBSTER PARISH, Union Church, Jct. of Yellow Pine Rd. and LA 7, Sibley vicinity, 94001562, NOMINATION, 1/25/95
- MAINE, FRANKLIN COUNTY, Farmington Historic District, Roughly bounded by High, Academy, Anson and Grove Sts., Farmington, 94001551, NOMINATION, 1/20/95
- MAINE, HANCOCK COUNTY, Sedgwick Historic District, Jct. of ME 172 and Old County Rd., Sedgwick, 94001550, NOMINATION, 1/20/95
- MAINE, WASHINGTON COUNTY, Pike's Mile Markers, Twelve locations spaced 1 mi. apart along E side of US 1 between Robbinston and Calais, Calais vicinity, 94001548, NOMINATION, 1/20/95
- MARYLAND, BALTIMORE INDEPENDENT CITY, Engine House No. 8, 1027 W. Mulberry St., Baltimore (Independent City), 94001577, NOMINATION, 1/26/95 (Cast Iron Architecture of Baltimore MPS)
- MARYLAND, BALTIMORE INDEPENDENT CITY, Frank, L., & Son Building, 407 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore (Independent City), 94001642, NOMINATION, 1/19/95 (Cast Iron Architecture of Baltimore MPS)
- MARYLAND, BALTIMORE INDEPENDENT CITY, Turner--White Casket Co. Building, 509--511 W. Lombard St., Baltimore (Independent City), 94001553, NOMINATION, 1/26/95 (Cast Iron Architecture of Baltimore MPS)
- MARYLAND, WORCESTER COUNTY, Mansion House, Bayside Rd., Public Landing, 94001643, NOMINATION, 1/19/95
- MASSACHUSETTS, MIDDLESEX COUNTY, Varnum School, 103 Sixth St., Lowell, 94001591, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- NEW YORK, MONROE COUNTY, Lomb, Adolph, House, Jct. of Southerland St. and W. Jefferson Rd., Pittsford, 94001597, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- TENNESSEE, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, Collins, James E., House, Hillsboro Rd./US 431 1/2 mi. S of Spencer Creek Rd., Franklin vicinity, 88000344, REMOVAL, 1/17/95 (Williamson County MRA)
- TEXAS, BEXAR COUNTY, Maverick Building, 606 N. Presa, San Antonio, 94001593, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- TEXAS, CAMERON COUNTY, Cameron County Jail, Old, 1201 E. Van Buren, Brownsville, 94001594, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- UTAH, MILLARD COUNTY, Van's Hall, 321 W. Main St., Delta, 94001629, NOMINATION, 1/27/95
- UTAH, SALT LAKE COUNTY, Deaconess, Davis, Home, 347 S. 400 East, Salt Lake City, 94001583, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- UTAH, SALT LAKE COUNTY, First Methodist Episcopal Church, 200 S. 200 East, Salt Lake City, 94001582, NOMINATION, 1/24/95
- UTAH, UTAH COUNTY, Chipman, Delbert and Ora, House, 317 E. Main St., American Fork, 94001563, NOMINATION, 1/25/95
- WASHINGTON, DOUGLAS COUNTY, Gallaher House, 11.5 mi. NW of Mansfield on Dyer Rd., Mansfield vicinity, 75001848, REMOVAL, 1/11/95
- WISCONSIN, JUNEAU COUNTY, Sprague Bridge, Over the Yellow R. SE of Finley, Finley Township, Finley vicinity, 94001574, NOMINATION, 1/23/95