United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only

received

date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type all entrie	scomplete applica	Die Sections	<u> </u>			
1. Nan	1e					
historic	Emmel Building					
and/or common						
2. Loc	ation					
street & numbe	r 1357 North	Wells Str	eet	-	not for publication	
city, town	Chicago		vicinity of	(9th Congressional District)		
state	Illinois	code	county	Cook	code	
3. Clas	ssification					
Category district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process N/A	X Acce	occupied unoccupied work in progress essible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted	Present Use agricultureX commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Owr	ner of Prop	erty				
name	Douglas Kenyon,	Doug1	as Kenyon, In	c.		
street & number	, 155 East Ohio	Street				
city, town Chicago		_	vicinity of	state	Illinois 60611	
5. Loc	ation of Le	egal D	escription	on		
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc.		Cook Co	Cook County Recorder of Deeds			
street & number		118 No:	th Clark Stre	et		
city, town		Chicago	Chicago s		Illinois	
6. Rep	resentatio	n in E	xisting (Surveys		
	tory of Historic North Chicago, Co			perty been determined el	igible? yes _x no	
date	1972	•		federal <u>X</u> sta	te county local	
depository for s	urvey records Illii	nois Depar	tment of Cons	ervation/Division o	of Historic Sites	
city, town	Springfield			state	Illinois	

Condition Check one Check one Check one Check one X excellent ____ deteriorated ____ unaltered ___ X original site ___ good ___ ruins ___ altered ___ moved date ______

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Description

The Emmel Building is a virtually intact early example of a store and flat building from the period immediately following the Chicago Fire of 1871. The only significant alteration to the building was a re-working of the storefront in the removal of a two-step stoop on the exterior and its functional replacement by two steps placed immediately inside the entrance doors. Several temporary buildings have stood on the site between the main three-story structure on the front of the lot and a simple two-story brick barn on the rear of the lot; this space now forms a garden between the two buildings. The original four-over-four windows remain on the second floor, but aluminum storms have replaced the original glazing on the third floor. The most important element of the Wells Street (west) is the intricate stonework which surrounds the windows of the two upper floors.

The first-floor storefront is arranged with a recssed entrance flanked by large plate-glass display windows. Slender cast iron columns frame the windows, supporting the storefront cornice which would have typically carried the signage for the business establishment. The beam topping the storefront is presently covered with wood. The entrance to the flat on the second and third floors is located on the north side of the storefront elevation. The entire first floor is framed with detailed stone piers, the carving of which echoes the details of the upper floors.

Typically, such a building dating from the mid-1870's would have been approached by a two- or three-step stoop before the entrance. This arrangement is no longer evident on the Emmel Building; the two steps are placed within the entrance spaces on the interior. A building permit from 1932 allowed modifications to the storefront with no structural changes; the replacement of the steps did require structural changes as seen in neww columns in the basement. Consequently, there is no reliable date for the entrance re-working.

The two upper floors display stonework incorporating various Italianate mmotifs, such as the floral garlands, rosettes, elaborate string courses, and windows arcading. The heavy brackets on the side piers are repeated in the metal cornice. The sheet metal cornice adds to the three-dimensionaity of the facade in its elaborate projection, in the alignment of its brackets with the verticals of the facade, and in the superimposed gable which extends the facade beyond the roofline of the building. The most prominent element of the cornice is the declaration of the original owner's identity.

United States Department of the Interior **National Park Service**

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Continuation sheet

Item number

Page

The southern and eastern facades of the building are constructed of common brick. Two windows on the second floor open onto the middle parlor of the second floor, and one onto the bathroom. Third floor windows open onto the third floor middle parlor and bedroom. The pattern of three windows across the facade is repeated on the rear elevation: most of these have been replaced with metal sash.

The rear building is a purely functional building which has served as a barn, a paint storage shed, and a studio for the various owners. Its windows and doors have been re-worked to the point that it is difficult to determine the original appearance.

The interior of the first floor is presently completely open, but originally it must have been filled with display cases and shelves. The distinguishing characteristic of the former storefront is the refined inlaid Greek-key motif which forms a border to the narrow strip wood floor. This motif is found on the upper floors as well. The second and third floors are arranged in a series of four rooms deep, with double parlors oriented to the western windows, a narrow hall and bath or bedroom marking the passage to the rear room, oriented to the east. The ceiling heights of the residential floors clearly relates the building to the elegant purely residential structures of the period.

The Emmel Building survives as a refined element in the commercial area which developed along Wells Street in the period after the Fire, and retains that same elegance to the present.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 X 1800-1899 1900-	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications	-	a landscape architectur law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1875	Builder/Architect U	nknown	J F \

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Emmel Building is an early and unusual example of a typical Chicago building type, the store and flat building. The three-story, flat-front, brick and stone Italinate structure is distinguished by the richly detailed incised stonework on its second and third stories and by the elaborate projecting metal cornice, supported by heavy brackets and topped with a gable bearing the name of the original owner, P. EMMEL. Although the building follows the standard configuration of the store and flat buildings in the area (such as the recently designated 1200 North Wells Street National Register District), it incorporates the elegance of the nearby Gold Coast residences (National Register District, 1978) in the handling of the stone facade. The Emmel Building is the only stone facade of its type in the commercial district along Wells Street between Division (1200 North) and North Avenue (1600 North); its elegant facade is more closely related to the residences along LaSalle Street (former Avenue), one block to the east which forms the western boundary of the Gold Coast neighborhood. The architecture of the Emmel Building represents a unique combination of the functional practicality of the Wells Street commercial strip and the affluence of the Gold Coast residential neighborhood.

Peter Emmel was born in Frankfort, Germany, and came to Chicago in 1854, after serving an apprenticeship as a house painter in Buffalo, New York. He settled in the German community located just west and southwest of Lincoln Park and opened his business in 1855. In 1869, Emmel moved to 500 North Wells (present 1357 North); after the Fire of 1871 until 1875, his business was located at 502 North and his residence at 500 North. In December, 1874, he purchased the lot at 500 North; the family business and residence remained there until 1897. Although no building permit and no architect are known, the building can be dated to 1875.

The Emmel Family business in paints and oils was expanded in 1884 to include wallpaper, and in 1886, to provide interior decorating services. Considering the types of services and merchandise which Emmel and Company offered to its customers, the residents of the nearby neighborhood, the elegance of the architecture of the Emmel Building may be interpreted as a form of advertising aimed at the business' wealthy patrons from the next block.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Continuation sheet

2

Item number

9

Page 1

Bullard, Thomas, <u>Distribution of Chicago Germans</u>, 1850-1914, M.A. thesis, University of Chicago, 1969.

Chicago Sun-Times, October, 12, 1958.

City of Chicago Directories (Edwards, Bailey's and Halpin's, Lakeside), 1861-1897.

Hofmeister, Rudolf, A., <u>The Germans of Chicago</u>, Champaing, Illinois, 1976.

Industrial Chicago, V.1, Chicago, 1891; v. 2, Chicago, 1894.

Townsend, Andrew Jacke, <u>The Germans of Chicago</u>, Ph.D. dissertation, University of Chicago, 1927.

NPS Form 10-900-a (3-82) Emmel Building

1357 North Wells St Exp. 10-31-84

United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

Chicago, Illinois

LTTHOTO

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received

date entered

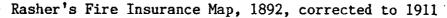
National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

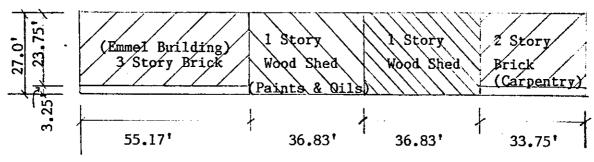
Continuation sheet

Item number

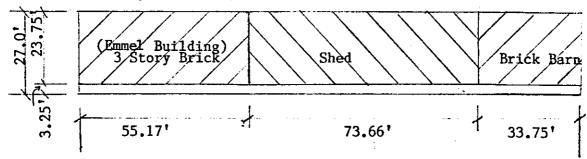
Miscellaneous

Page

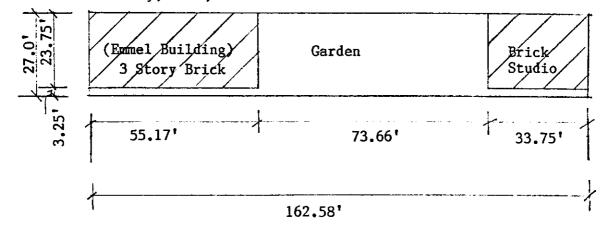




Survey, December, 1914



Survey, June, 1984



9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Page.

10. Geographic	al Data		
Acreage of nominated property	nder one acre		
Quadrangle name Chicago Loop	, IL		Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
UT M References	•		
A la ciliata ata o oli la c	h	Віі	
1 16 4 4 7 4 0 0 4 6 Zone Easting North	βββββββ] ning	Zone	Easting Northing
	لبيا	D	
E		F	
G L L L L		н	
Verbal boundary description an	d justification		
Lot 85 and the North 2 f 61 to 90 included in Bro	eet of Lot 86	in E.H. Sheldo on in the N.E.	n's Subdivision of Lots 1/4 of Section 4-39-14 to
Chicago List all states and counties for	properties overl	apping state or co	ounty boundaries
state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11 Form Dropo	rod By	<u> </u>	
11. Form Prepa	reu by		
name/title Nancy J. Hubbard,	Hubbard & Hu	hbard. Inc.	
Rancy 5. Habbard,	Habbara a ma	bbara, mer	
organization		da	ate July, 1984
street & number 1215 Washing	ton Street, S	uite 210 te	lephone 312-256-7897
city or town Wilmette		st	ate Illinois 60091
12. State Histo	ric Pres	ervation (Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this p	roperty within the	state is:	
national	state	X local	
As the designated State Historic Pre	servation Officer	or the National Histo	ric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-
665), I hereby nominate this property according to the criteria and proced			and certify that it has been evaluated
according to the criteria and proced	X	"YILL IN	e- = -
State Histori Preservation Officer s	ignature V		- ny
title title			date 9/2 4/84
For NPS use only			
I hereby certify that this prope	rty is included in t	he National Register	
			date
Keeper of the National Register			
Attest:			date
Chief of Registration			



United States Department of the Interior -

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

NOV 23 1984

The Director of the National Park Service is pleased to inform you that the following properties have been entered in the National Register of Historic Places beginning November 11, 1984 and ending November 17, 1984. For further information call (202) 343-9552.

STATE, County, Vicinity, Property, Address, (Date Listed)

ARKANSAS, Mississippi County, Chickasawba Mound (3M55), (11/16/84)
ARKANSAS, Pulaski County, Little Rock, Williamson House (Thompson, Charles L., Design Collection TR), 325 Fairfax St. (11/15/84)

COLORADO, Grand County, Estes Park vicinity, Trail Ridge Road, Rocky Mountain National Park (also in Larimer County) (11/14/84)

HAWAII, Honolulu County, Honolulu, Hocking, Alfred, House, 1302 Nehoa St. (11/15/84)

HAWAII, Honolulu County, Honolulu, Oakley, George D., House, 2110 Kakela Pl. (11/15/84)

HAWAII, Honolulu County, Kailua vicinity, Kukuipilau Heiau, Kalanianaole Hwy (11/16/84)

HAWAII, Kauai County, Hanalei vicinity, Haena Archeological Complex, Kuhio Hwy (11/16/84)

HAWAII, Kauai County, Hanalei vicinity, Na Pali Coast Archeological District, Na Pali Coast

(11/16/84)

HAWAII, Kauai County, Waimea, Kikiaola, Waimea Rd. (11/16/84)

ILLINOIS, Cook County, Chicago, Cook County Criminal Court Building, 54 W. Hubbard St. (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Cook County, Chicago, Emmel Building, 1357 N. Wells St. (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Cook County, Chicago, Lake-Side Terrace Apartments, 7425-7427 South Shore Dr.

(11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Cook County, Chicago, Peoples Gas Building, 122 S. Michigan Ave. (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Cook County, Chicago, Yondorf Block and Hall, 758 W. North Ave. (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Ford County, Paxton, Paxton Water Tower and Pump House, 145 S. Market St. (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Hancock County, Niota vicinity, Cambre House and Farm, SW of Niota (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Jackson County, Murphysboro, Mobile and Ohio Railroad Depot, 1701 Walnut St. (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Lee County, Dixon, Brookner, Christopher, House, 222 N. Dixon Ave. (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Rock Island County, Rock Island, Fort Armstrong Hotel, 3rd Ave. and 19th St. (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Sangamon County, Springfield, Camp Lincoln Commissary Building, 1301 N. MacArthur Blvd.

(11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Sangamon County, Springfield, Hickox Apartments, 4th and Cook Sts. (11/13/84)

ILLINOIS, Will County, Plainfield, Standard Oil Gasoline Station, 600 W. Lockport St. (11/13/84)

INDIANA, Allen County, Fort Wayne, West End Historic District, Roughly bounded by Main, Webster, Jefferson, Broadway, Jones, and St. Mary's River (11/15/84)

INDIANA, Marion County, Indianapolis, Indianapolis Chair Manufacturing Company, 330 W. New York St. (11/15/84)